

Form 39NR Part-year Resident and Nonresident Supplemental Schedule

1. Non-Idaho state and local bond interest and dividends • 1 00 • 00 2. Idaho college savings account withdrawal • 2 00 • 00 3. Bonus depreciation. Include federal Form 4562s. Check the box if you have a current-year loss limitation. See instructions. • 3 00 • 00 4. Other additions. Include explanation • 4 00 • 00 5. Total additions. Add lines 1 through 4. Enter here and on Form 43, line 29 • 5 00 • 00	Names as shown on return						Social Security number					
1. Non-idaho state and local bord interest and dividends - 1 00 - 00 3. Borus depresidion. Include federal Form 4502s. Check the box if you have a current-year loss limitation. See instructions. * - - 3 00 - 00 4. Other additions. Include explanation - - - 3 00 - 00 5. Subtractions. See instructions. page 41. - - - - - 00 <th>Α.</th> <th>Addi</th> <th>itions. See instructior</th> <th>ns, page 40.</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Co</th> <th>lumn A</th> <th>- Federal</th> <th>Colum</th> <th>n B - Idaho</th>	Α.	Addi	itions. See instructior	ns, page 40.				Co	lumn A	- Federal	Colum	n B - Idaho
3. Bonus depreciation. Include federal Form 4582s. Check the box if you have a current-year loss limitation. See instructions. *					/idends		•	1		00	1	
box if you have a current-year loss limitation. See instructions		2.	Idaho college savings	account withdrawal				2		00	•	00
4. Other additions. Include explanation		3.	Bonus depreciation. In	nclude federal Form 4562	s. Check t	the						
5. Total additions. Add lines 1 through 4. Enter here and on Form 43, line 29			box if you have a curr	ent-year loss limitation. Se	e instructio	ons. 🔹] •	3		00	•	00
B. Subtractions. See instructions, page 41. 0.0 0.0 0.0 3. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 0.0<		4.	Other additions. Inclu	de explanation			•	4		00	•	00
1. I dato net operating loss carryback.		5.	Total additions. Add line	s 1 through 4. Enter here an	d on Form 4	43, line 29		5		00	•	00
Idaho net operating loss carryback • Enter total here 1 00 00 2. State income tax refund. See instructions 3 00 • 00 3. Interest from U.S. government obligations 3 00 • 00 4. Child/dependent care. Include federal Form 2441 • 4 00 • 00 6. Goto capital gains deduction. Include Form CG 6 00 • 00 • 00 7. Idaho resident - active duty military pay earned outside of Idaho • 7 00 • <	В.	Subt	tractions. See instruc	tions, page 41.								
2. State income tax refund. See instructions - 2 00 - 00 3. Interest from U.S. government obligations - 3 00 - 00 5. Social Security & railroad benefits included in Form 43. line 28, Colum A. - 5 00 - 00 6. Idaho resident - active duty military pay earned outside of Idaho. - 7 00 - 00 7. Idaho resident - active duty military pay earned outside of Idaho. - 7 00 - 00 8. Idaho college savings program Interest - 8 00 - 00 9. Idaho college savings program - 10 00 - 00 - 00 10. Idaho tottery winnings, less than \$600 per prize - 12 00 - 00 11. Hore for the aged and/or developmentally disabled. Complete Part F, line 3. 12 00 - 00 12. Idaho tottery winnings, less than \$600 per prize - 12 00 - 00 14. Workers' compensation insurance - 15 00 - 00 - 00 - 00		1.	Idaho net operating los	s carryover								
3. Interest from U.S. government obligations - 3 00 - 00 4. Child/dependent care. Include federal Form 2441 - 4 00 - 00 5. Social Security & aniand benefits include in Form 43, line 28, Column A 5 6 00 - 00 6. 0.00 - 6 0.00 - 00 7. 0.01 - 0.01 - 00 - 00 8. 0.00 - 00 - 00 - 00 9. 10.00 - <			Idaho net operating los	s carryback •	En	iter total her	e	1		00		00
4. Childidependent are. Include federal Form 2441 4 00 00 5. Social Security & raitroad benefits included in Form 43, line 28, Column A 5 00 00 6. Idaho capital gains deduction. Include Form CG. 6 00 00 00 7. Idaho resident - active duty military pay earned outside of Idaho 7 00 00 00 8. Idaho medical savings account. Contributions Interest 8 00 00 00 9. Idaho college savings program 9 00 00 00 00 10. Adoption expenses 10 00 00 00 00 11. Income an American Indian earned on a reservation 13 0 00 00 11. Income an American Indian earned on a reservation 13 0 00 00 16. Doo - 00 00 00 00 00 00 17. Technological equipment donation 11 00 00 00 00 00 18. Doop - Doo - 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00		2.	State income tax refu	nd. See instructions			•	2		00	•	00
5. Social Security & railroad benefits included in Form 43, line 28, Column A		3.	Interest from U.S. gov	vernment obligations			•	3		00	•	00
6 Idaho capital gains deduction. Include Form C6 0 0 0 7 Idaho resident - active duty military pay earned outside of Idaho 7 00 0 8 Idaho resident - active duty military pay earned outside of Idaho 7 00 00 8 Idaho capitary earned outside of Idaho 7 00 00 9 00 00 00 00 9 00 00 00 00 10 Adoption expenses 10 00 00 11 00 0 00 00 12 00 00 00 00 13 00 00 00 00 14 00 00 00 00 15 00 00 00 00 16 00 00 00 00 00 17 00 00 00 00 00 00 16 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00		4.	Child/dependent care	. Include federal Form 24	41		•	4		00	•	00
7. Idaho resident - active duty military pay earned outside of Idaho * 7 00 * 00 8. Idaho medical savings account. Contributions Interest 8 00 • 00 9. Idaho college savings program Account number 8 00 • 00 10. Adoption expenses • 10 00 • 00 11. Home for the aged and/or developmentally disabled. Complete Part F, line 3 11 00 • 00 12. Idaho lottery winnings, less than \$600 per prize 11 10 • 00 13. • 00 • 00 • 00 14. 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 16. 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • <td></td> <td>5.</td> <td>Social Security & railroa</td> <td>d benefits included in Form</td> <td>43, line 28,</td> <td>Column A</td> <td>•</td> <td>5</td> <td></td> <td>00</td> <td>•</td> <td>00</td>		5.	Social Security & railroa	d benefits included in Form	43, line 28,	Column A	•	5		00	•	00
8. Idaho medical savings account. Contributions		6.	Idaho capital gains de	eduction. Include Form CO	G		•	6		00	•	00
Financial institution Account number 8 00 00 00 9 00 • 00 • 00 10. Adoption expenses • 10 00 • 00 11. Home for the aged and/or developmentally disabled. Complete Part F, line 3 11 00 • 00 12. Idaho lottery winnings, less than \$600 per prize 11 10 00 • 00 13. Income an American Indian earned on a reservation 13 • 00 • 00 14. Workers' compensation insurance 16 00 • 00 • 00 15. Partner's or shareholder's pass-through subtractions • 16 00 • 0		7.						7		00	•	00
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12. Idaho lottery winnings, less than \$600 per prize 12 00 00 13. Income an American Indian earned on a reservation 13 0 00 14. Workers' compensation insurance 14 00 00 15. Partner's or shareholder's pass-through subtractions 15 00 00 16. Energy efficiency upgrades Description 16 00 00 17. Technological equipment donation 17 00 00 00 18. Health insurance premiums 18 00 00 00 19. Long-term care insurance premiums 19 00 00 00 20. Alternative energy device deduction Year X 20% 20a 00 00 00 20. 2022 \$ X 20% 20c 00 00 00 c. 2022 \$ X 20% 20c 00 00 00 21. 2021 \$ X 20% 20c 00 00 00 22. Idaho qualified retirement benefits deduction 22a 00 00 00 00 100 10		10.	Adoption expenses				•	10		00	•	00
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15. Partner's or shareholder's pass-through subtractions 15 00 • 00 16. Energy efficiency upgrades Description • 16 00 • 00 17. Technological equipment donation • 17 00 • 00 18. Health insurance premiums • 18 00 • 00 19. Long-term care insurance premiums • 18 00 • 00 20. Alternative energy device deduction • 19 00 • 00 20. Alternative energy device deduction • 19 00 • 00 20. 20.2 \$ X 20% 20a 00 • 00 c. 2022 \$ X 20% 20c 00 • 00 c. 2021 \$ X 20% 20d 00 • 00 e. Add lines 20 athrough 20d. Can't exceed \$5,000 20e 00 • 00 00 21 100 00 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 <td></td> <td>13.</td> <td>Income an American</td> <td>Indian earned on a reserv</td> <td>ation</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>13</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>00</td>		13.	Income an American	Indian earned on a reserv	ation			13			•	00
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17. Technological equipment donation 17 00 • 00 18. Health insurance premiums 18 00 • 00 19. Long-term care insurance premiums 18 00 • 00 20. Alternative energy device deduction 19 00 • 00 20. Alternative energy device deducton * 19 00 • 00 a 2024 \$ X 40% = 20a 00 • 00 b. 2023 \$ X 20% = 20b 00 • 00 c. 2021 \$ X 20% = 20c 00 • 00 c. 2021 \$ X 20% = 20d 00 • 00 c. Add lines 1 through 19 and 20e 20a 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 <		15.	Partner's or sharehold	der's pass-through subtra	ctions		•	15		00	•	00
18. Health insurance premiums iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii		16.	Energy efficiency upg	rades Description			•	16		00	•	00
19. Long-term care insurance premiums • 19 00 • 00 20. Alternative energy device deduction • 00 • 00 • 00 20. Alternative energy device deduction • 00 • 00 • 00 a. 2024 \$ X 40% = 20a 00 • 00 b. 2023 \$ X 20% = 20b 00 • 00 c. 2022 \$ X 20% = 20c 00 • 00 d. 2021 \$ X 20% = 20d 00 • 00 c. Add lines 20a through 20d. Can't exceed \$5,000 20e 00 • 00 21 00 00 21 00 00 22a 00 • 00 22a 00 •		17.	Technological equipm	ent donation			•	17		00	•	00
20. Alternative energy device deduction Vear Acquired Type of Device Total Cost Percentage a. 2024 \$ X 40% = 20a 00 • 00 b. 2023 \$ X 20% = 20b 00 • 00 c. 2022 \$ X 20% = 20c 00 • 00 d. 2021 \$ X 20% = 20c 00 • 00 e. Add lines 20a through 20d. Can't exceed \$5,000 20e 00 • 00 21. Add lines 1 through 19 and 20e 21 00 • 00 22. Idaho qualified retirement benefits deduction • 22a 00 • 00 a. If single, enter \$45,864; if married filing jointly, enter \$68,796 • 22a 00 see instructions, c. Social Security benefits received • 22d 00 see instructions, e. Qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income • 22d 00 and 22g. f. Column A benefits. Enter smaller of line 22d or line 22e • 00 22g • 00 g. Qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income • 22g • 00 i. Column A benefits. Ente		18.	Health insurance prer	niums			•	18		00	•	00
Year AcquiredType of DeviceTotal CostPercentagea.2024\$X40%=20a00•00b.2023\$X20%=20b00•00c.2022\$X20%=20c00•00d.2021\$X20%=20d00•00e.Add lines 20a through 20d. Can't exceed \$5,00020e00•000021.Add lines 1 through 19 and 20e21000021000022.Idaho qualified retirement benefits deduction210000000022.Idaho qualified retirement benefits received22b00See instructions, page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits received22d00See instructions, page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income22d00See instructions, page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income22d00See instructions, page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income22d00See instructions, page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income22d00See instructions, page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income22d00See instructions, page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income22d00See instructions, page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income22d00 <td< td=""><td></td><td>19.</td><td>Long-term care insura</td><td>ance premiums</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td>19</td><td></td><td>00</td><td>•</td><td>00</td></td<>		19.	Long-term care insura	ance premiums			•	19		00	•	00
AcquiredType of DeviceTotal CostPercentagea.2024\$ \mathbf{X} 40% = $20a$ 00 • 00 b.2023\$ \mathbf{X} 20% = $20b$ 00 • 00 c.2022\$ \mathbf{X} 20% = $20c$ 00 • 00 d.2021\$ \mathbf{X} 20% = $20d$ 00 • 00 e.Add lines 20a through 20d. Can't exceed \$5,00020e 00 • 00 21.Add lines 1 through 19 and 20e21 00 • 00 22.Iddaho qualified retirement benefits deduction21 00 • 00 22.Iddaho qualified retirement benefits received• $22b$ 00 See instructions, page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits receivede.Social Security benefits received• $22c$ 00 See instructions, page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income• $22c$ 00 f.Column A benefits. Enter smaller of line 22a.• $22t$ 00 $22t$ 00 g.Qualifying retirement benefits included in Idaho gross income• $22t$ 00 $22t$ f.Column A benefits. deduction. Multiply line 22f by line 22h $22t$ 00 $22t$ 00 and 22g.• 00 • 00 $22t$ 00 $22t$ 00 Anoresident military pay included in Form 43, line 28, Column A• 2		20.	Alternative energy de	vice deduction								
a. 2024 \$ X 40% = 20a 00 • 00 • 00 b. 2023 \$ X 20% = 20b 00 • 00 • 00 c. 2022 \$ X 20% = 20c 00 • 00 • 00 d. 2021 \$ X 20% = 20d 00 • 00 e. Add lines 20a through 20d. Can't exceed \$5,000				e of Device Total Cos	t F	Percentage						
b. 2023 \$ X 20% = 20b 00 • 00 c. 2022 \$ X 20% = 20c 00 • 00 d. 2021 \$ X 20% = 20d 00 • 00 e. Add lines 20a through 20d. Can't exceed \$5,000 20e 00 • 00 21. Add lines 1 through 19 and 20e 20e 00 • 00 22. Idaho qualified retirement benefits deduction 21 00 00 00 22. Idaho qualified retirement benefits received • 22a 00 See instructions, page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits received • 22c 00 see instructions, page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income • 22c 00 see instructions, retirement benefits included in federal gross income • 22e 00 see instructions, retirement benefits included in federal gross income • 22e 00 and 22g, • 00 include on lines 22e and 22g, • 00 • 00 •				\$	X	40%	=	20a		00		00
c. 2022 \$ X 20% = 20c 00 • 00 d. 2021 \$ X 20% = 20d 00 • 00 e. Add lines 20a through 20d. Can't exceed \$5,000 20e 00 • 00 21. Add lines 1 through 19 and 20e 20e 00 • 00 22. Idaho qualified retirement benefits deduction. 21 00 00 00 22. Idaho qualified retirement benefits received • 22a 00 00 b. Federal Railroad Retirement benefits received • 22b 00 page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits to include on line 22a. If less than zero, enter zero. • 22c 00 page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits to include on line 22d or line 22e 00 and 22g. • 22d 00 and 22g. • 00 and 22g. • 00 and 22g. • 00 and 22g. • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 • 00 •							=					
d. 2021 \$ X 20% = 20d 00 • 00 e. Add lines 20a through 20d. Can't exceed \$5,000 20e 00 • 00 21. Add lines 1 through 19 and 20e 21 00 • 00 22. Idaho qualified retirement benefits deduction 21 00 00 22. Idaho qualified retirement benefits deduction • 22a 00 page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits to include on lines 22e b. Federal Railroad Retirement benefits received • 22b 00 page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits to include on lines 22e c. Social Security benefits received • 22d 00 page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits to include on lines 22e and 22g. f. Column A benefits. Enter smaller of line 22d or line 22e • 22f 22f and 22g. g. Qualifying retirement benefits included in Idaho gross income • 22i 00 22i 00 23. Nonresident military pay included in Form 43, line 28, Column A • 23 00 22i 00 00 24. <				•			=	+ +				
e. Add lines 20a through 20d. Can't exceed \$5,000				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			=	1 1				
21. Add lines 1 through 19 and 20e 21 00 00 22. Idaho qualified retirement benefits deduction a. If single, enter \$45,864; if married filing jointly, enter \$68,796 22a 00 2. Social Security benefits received 22b 00 See instructions, page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits to include on lines 22e d. Balance. Subtract lines 22b and 22c from line 22a. If less than zero, enter zero. 22d 00 e. Qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income 22e 00 f. Column A benefits. Enter smaller of line 22d or line 22e 22f 00 g. Qualifying retirement benefits included in Idaho gross income 22g 22g i. Column B benefits deduction. Multiply line 22f by line 22h 22i 00 23. Nonresident military pay included in Form 43, line 28, Column A 23 00 24. Bonus depreciation. Include federal Form 4562s 24 00 00 25. First-time home buyer. Contributions Interest 25 00 00 25. First-time home buyer. See instructions. Account number 25 00 00			e. Add lines 20a thro	ugh 20d. Can't exceed \$5	5,000			20e		00	•	
22. Idaho qualified retirement benefits deduction		21.		-				21		00		00
b. Federal Railroad Retirement benefits received • 22b 00 See instructions, page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits to include on lines 22b and 22c from line 22a. If less than zero, enter zero e. Qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income • 22c 00 g. Qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income • 22f 00 g. Qualifying retirement benefits included in Idaho gross income • 22g • 00 h. Divide line 22g by line 22e • 00 • 00 i. Column B benefits deduction. Multiply line 22f by line 22h • 00 • 00 23. Nonresident military pay included in Form 43, line 28, Column A • 23 00 • 00 25. First-time home buyer. Contributions Interest • 24 00 • 00 25. First-time home buyer. Contributions Account number 25 • 00 • 00 25. See instructions. 25 • • 00 • 00			•									•
b. Federal Railroad Retirement benefits received • 22b 00 See instructions, page 47, for qualifying retirement benefits to include on lines 22b and 22c from line 22a. If less than zero, enter zero e. Qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income • 22c 00 g. Qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income • 22f 00 g. Qualifying retirement benefits included in Idaho gross income • 22g • 00 h. Divide line 22g by line 22e • 00 • 00 i. Column B benefits deduction. Multiply line 22f by line 22h • 00 • 00 23. Nonresident military pay included in Form 43, line 28, Column A • 23 00 • 00 25. First-time home buyer. Contributions Interest • 24 00 • 00 25. First-time home buyer. Contributions Account number 25 • 00 • 00 25. See instructions. 25 • • 00 • 00			a. If single, enter \$45,	864; if married filing jointl	y, enter \$6	8,796	•	22a		00		
 d. Balance. Subtract lines 22b and 22c from line 22a. If less than zero, enter zero e. Qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income f. Column A benefits. Enter smaller of line 22d or line 22e g. Qualifying retirement benefits included in Idaho gross income h. Divide line 22g by line 22e i. Column B benefits deduction. Multiply line 22f by line 22h i. Column B benefits deduction. Multiply line 22f by line 22h i. Column B benefits deduction. Multiply line 22f by line 22h i. Column B benefits deduction. Multiply line 22f by line 22h i. Column B benefits deduction. Multiply line 22f by line 22h i. Column B benefits deduction. Multiply line 28, Column A i. Column B benefits deduction. Include federal Form 43, line 28, Column A i. Bonus depreciation. Include federal Form 4562s j. By checking the box, I attest that I'm a first-time home buyer. j. By checking the box, I attest that I'm a first-time home buyer. j. See instructions. 			-					22b		00		
d. Balance. Subtract lines 22b and 22c from line 22a. If less than zero, enter zero 22d 00 retirement benefits to include on lines 22e and 22g. e. Qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income 22e 00 and 22g. f. Column A benefits. Enter smaller of line 22d or line 22e 22f 00 and 22g. g. Qualifying retirement benefits included in Idaho gross income 22g 22h % h. Divide line 22g by line 22e 22h % 00 i. Column B benefits deduction. Multiply line 22f by line 22h 22i 00 00 23. Nonresident military pay included in Form 43, line 28, Column A 23 00 00 24. Bonus depreciation. Include federal Form 4562s 24 00 00 25. First-time home buyer. Contributions Interest 24 00 00 by checking the box, I attest that I'm a first-time home buyer. 25 • 00 00			c. Social Security ben	efits received				22c		00		
 e. Qualifying retirement benefits included in federal gross income			-					22d		00		
f. Column A benefits. Enter smaller of line 22d or line 22e • 22f 00 g. Qualifying retirement benefits included in Idaho gross income 22g • 00 h. Divide line 22g by line 22e • 00 22h % i. Column B benefits deduction. Multiply line 22f by line 22h • 00 22i • 00 23. Nonresident military pay included in Form 43, line 28, Column A • 23 00 00 24. Bonus depreciation. Include federal Form 4562s • 24 00 • 00 25. First-time home buyer. Contributions Interest • 25 • 00 90 entersities instructions. Account number 25 • 00 00			e. Qualifying retireme	nt benefits included in fed	eral gross	income		22e		00		1 111163 226
h. Divide line 22g by line 22e 22h i. Column B benefits deduction. Multiply line 22f by line 22h 22i 23. Nonresident military pay included in Form 43, line 28, Column A 23 24. Bonus depreciation. Include federal Form 4562s 24 25. First-time home buyer. Contributions Interest Financial institution Account number By checking the box, I attest that I'm a first-time home buyer. 25 See instructions. 25								22f		00		
i. Column B benefits deduction. Multiply line 22f by line 22h 22i • 00 23. Nonresident military pay included in Form 43, line 28, Column A • 23 00 24. Bonus depreciation. Include federal Form 4562s • 24 00 • 00 25. First-time home buyer. Contributions Interest Interest • 25 • 00 90 by checking the box, I attest that I'm a first-time home buyer. • 25 • 00			g. Qualifying retirement benefits included in Idaho gross income					22g			•	00
i. Column B benefits deduction. Multiply line 22f by line 22h 22i • 00 23. Nonresident military pay included in Form 43, line 28, Column A • 23 00 24. Bonus depreciation. Include federal Form 4562s • 24 00 • 00 25. First-time home buyer. Contributions Interest Interest • 25 • 00 90 by checking the box, I attest that I'm a first-time home buyer. • 25 • 00			h. Divide line 22g by line 22e					22h				%
24. Bonus depreciation. Include federal Form 4562s • 24 00 • 00 25. First-time home buyer. Contributions Interest Interest Interest 00 • 00 Financial institution Account number By checking the box, I attest that I'm a first-time home buyer. See instructions. 25 • 00			i. Column B benefits	deduction. Multiply line 22	2f by line 2	22h		22i			•	00
24. Bonus depreciation. Include federal Form 4562s • 24 00 • 00 25. First-time home buyer. Contributions Interest Interest Interest 00 • 00 Financial institution Account number By checking the box, I attest that I'm a first-time home buyer. See instructions. 25 • 00		23.			-			23		00		
25. First-time home buyer. Contributions Interest				-						00	•	00
Financial institution Account number Account number 00 By checking the box, I attest that I'm a first-time home buyer. 25 00		25.										
See instructions.			-		t number							
					st-time ho	me buyer.						
		200007		S.				25			•	

IDAHO State Tax Commission

Na	imes as	s shown on return						So	cial Security	numl	ber		
	26.	Other subtractio	ns. Include expla	anation			26	I	00	•			00
	27.	Total subtractions	s. Column A, add	lines 21, 22f, 23,	24, and 26. Column Form 43, line 30	В,	27		00				00
C.	Non	dit for income ta	x that part-year aim this credit. Id	residents paid a ho residents on	to other states. Se a active military duty	e insti	uction lete Pa	s, page art D be	e 50. Iow.	(St	ate na	ame)	
	1.	ldaho adjusted i	ncome from For	m 43, line 31, Co	olumn B		1		00				
	2.							00	inc				
	3.	Amount of incom	e that Idaho and	another state both	h taxed	•	3		00			e Form 39 state you	
	4.	ldaho tax, Form	43, line 42				4		00			a credit fo	
	5.	Divide line 3 by	line 1. Enter per	centage here			5		%				
	6.	Multiply line 4 by	y line 5							6			00
	7.	Other state's tax	due minus its ir	ncome tax credits	s. See instructions	•	7		00				
	8.	Divide line 3 by	line 2. Enter per	centage here			8		%				
	9.									9			00
	10.	Enter the smalle	er of lines 6 or 9 l	nere and on Forr	m 43, line 43				•	10			00
D.	Crea	dit for income tax	k that Idaho res	ident on active	military duty paid	to oth	er stat	es. See	instructio	ons,	page	51.	
	l'm c	laiming this credit	t for taxes paid to	D: •_						_ (St	ate na	ime)	
	1.	Idaho tax, Form	43, line 42				1		00	1 1110		copy of t	
	2.	Other state's adj	justed income. S	ee instructions		•	2		00	inc	ome ta narate	ax return a Form 39	and a
	3.	Idaho adjusted i	ncome from Forr	m 43, line 31, Co	olumn B		3		00	for	each	state you'	re
	4.	Divide line 2 by	line 3. Enter perc	centage here			4		%	cla	iming	a credit fo	or.
	5.	Multiply line 1 by	/ line 4. Enter an	nount here						5			00
	6.	Other state's tax	due minus its in	come tax credits	s				•	6			00
	7.	Enter the smalle	r of lines 5 or 6 ł	nere and on Forn	n 43, line 43				•	7			00
E.	Crec live	lits for contribut organ donation.	ions to Idaho e See instruction	ducational entit s, page 51.	y and Idaho youth	and r	ehabili	tation f	acilities, a	and e	expen	ses for	
	1.	Credit for Idaho	educational entit	y contributions					•	1			00
	2.	Credit for Idaho	youth and rehab	ilitation facility co	ontributions				•	2			00
	3.	Credit for live or	gan donation ex	oenses					•	3			00
	4.	Total credits. Ad	d lines 1 through	3. Enter total he	ere and on Form 43,	line 4	4			4			00
F.	 Maintaining a home for a family member age 65 or older or a family member with a developmental disability. See instructions, page 52. (You can't claim this credit if you took \$1,000 deduction on Part B, line 11.) 1. Did you maintain a home for an immediate family member age 65 or older (<i>not including</i> you and your spouse) and provide more than one-half of that person's support?												
	3.	List each family	member you're o	claiming:									
		Family N	Member's Name		Family Member's Social Security		nship to ling Retu		Family M Birth		r's	Check he Developme	
Fi		First Name Last		Name Number		Filing Return		(mm/do)	Disable		
	4.	on Form 43, line	64		ember but not more				e and	4			00
G.	Dep	endents: (Contin	ued from Form	43, page 1, line	9 6)							Dirth dat-	
		First Name			Last Name			Social Se	curity Numbe	r	(r	Birthdate nm/dd/yyyy)	



Form 39NR — Instructions Part-year Resident and Nonresident Supplemental Schedule

- If you're filing Form 43, complete this Form 39NR.
- If you're filing Form 40, complete Form 39R.

Part A — Additions

Line 1 Non-Idaho State and Local Bond Interest and Dividends

Column A: Enter the amount of interest and dividends, minus related expenses, that you received from municipal bonds of other state governments, their counties, and their cities, or from obligations of any foreign country. This isn't income you report on your federal return. Include any amount passed through to you from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column A, line 21.

Column B: Enter the amount in Column A earned while an Idaho resident or part-year resident. This includes your apportioned share passed through from S corporations, partnerships, trusts, and estates from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 21.

If Idaho requires you to file a return, you must report any amounts allocated or apportioned to Idaho.

Line 2 Idaho College Savings Account Withdrawal

Column A: If you made a nonqualified withdrawal from an Idaho college savings account (IDeal), enter the amount withdrawn minus any amounts reported on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

Include withdrawals from Idaho college savings programs you transferred to a qualified program that another state operates, or to a qualified Achieving a Better Life Experience (ABLE) program. The amount added back is limited to your contributions deducted in the year of transfer and the previous tax year.

Column B: If you made a nonqualified withdrawal from an Idaho college savings account, enter the total amount withdrawn.

Line 3 Bonus Depreciation

If you claimed bonus depreciation for federal purposes for property acquired before 2008 or after 2009:

 Complete a separate federal Form 4562 or detailed calculation for Idaho depreciation purposes as if you hadn't claimed the special depreciation allowance.

- Calculate the Idaho adjusted basis and any gains or losses from the sale or exchange of the property using the Idaho depreciation amounts.
- If the federal depreciation (including gains and losses) is more than the Idaho depreciation (including Idaho gains and losses), include the difference on this line; otherwise, enter the difference on Part B, line 24.

Include on this line your distributive share of bonus depreciation from Form ID K-1, Part IV, line 22.

Don't enter any amounts for property acquired during 2008 and 2009.

Column A: If the federal depreciation is more than the depreciation calculated without the bonus depreciation, include the difference on this line.

If you're a shareholder of an S corporation or a partner in a partnership that has Idaho source income, include your distributive share of bonus depreciation from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column A, line 22.

Column B: If the federal depreciation is more than the depreciation calculated without the bonus depreciation, include the difference on this line.

Enter on this line your apportioned share of bonus depreciation from Form ID-K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 22. You must include this amount as part of your Idaho Adjusted Gross Income on Form 43, line 27.

Check the box and include Form DBDA if you have a current-year loss limitation for the following:

- At Risk (IRC Section 465)
- Passive Loss (IRC Section 469)
- Partnership Basis (IRC Section 704(d))
- Shareholder Basis (IRC Section 1366(d))

Line 4 Other Additions

Complete this worksheet using the instructions below to determine your other additions.

	Column A	Column B
1. Federal net operating		
loss		
2. Capital loss carryforward		
3. Retirement plan lump-sum distributions		
4. Partner and shareholder Idaho additions		

- 5. Idaho medical savings account withdrawals
- 6. Non-Idaho passive losses incurred before you were an Idaho resident
- First-time home buyer savings account withdrawals
- Total. Add lines 1 through
 Enter these amounts in the appropriate columns on Form 39NR, line 4

Federal Net Operating Loss (NOL)

Column A: Enter the NOL carryforward or carryback included on your federal return. The federal NOL carryforward or carryback isn't the same as Idaho's. You report the Idaho NOL on Part B, line 1.

Column B: Leave Column B blank.

Capital Loss Carryforward

Column A: Enter any capital losses included on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 7 that you incurred in another state or capital losses from activities that Idaho doesn't tax.

See the Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment Worksheet on page 27 to calculate your Idaho capital gain (loss) and required addition, if necessary.

Column B: Leave Column B blank.

Retirement Plan Lump-sum Distributions

Column A: Enter the taxable amount of a lump-sum distribution from a retirement plan reported on federal Form 4972. The amount that Idaho taxes includes the ordinary income portion and the amount eligible for the federal capital gain election.

Column B: Enter any amount in Column A received while an Idaho resident.

Partner and Shareholder Idaho Additions

Column A: Include on this line the additions from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column A, lines 20 and 23.

Column B: Include on this line your apportioned share of the additions from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, lines 20 and 23.

Idaho Medical Savings Account Withdrawals

Columns A and B: Idaho taxes withdrawals from an Idaho medical savings account that you don't use to

Form 39NR — Instructions 2024 (continued)

pay eligible medical expenses. Report this amount as an other addition. Eligible medical expenses include:

- Medical care
- Vision care
- Dental care
- Medical insurance premiums
- Long-term care expenses

A penalty applies to taxable withdrawals you make when you're under age 59 1/2. The penalty is 10% of the amount withdrawn. Report the penalty on Form 43, line 72, and check the box for an unqualified withdrawal.

First-time Home Buyer Savings Account

Nonresidents don't qualify for this deduction.

Columns A and B: Idaho taxes withdrawals from an Idaho first-time home buyer savings account that you don't use to pay eligible home costs. Report this amount as an other addition. Eligible home costs include:

- Down payment for the purchase of an Idaho home
- Cost, fees, taxes, or payments for the purchase of an Idaho home

Part B — Subtractions

Line 1 Idaho Net Operating Loss (NOL) Carryover and Carryback

Columns A and B: Enter the Idaho NOL carryover. Include Form 56 or a schedule showing the application of the loss. Don't include losses from sources that Idaho doesn't tax or that you incurred before becoming a resident or part-year resident.

If this is an amended return to claim an NOL carryback, enter the amount of the NOL carryback. Include Form 56 or a schedule showing the application of the loss.

Enter the total of the NOL carryover and carryback amounts.

Line 2 State Income Tax Refund

Column A: Enter all state income tax refunds included on federal Schedule 1, line 1.

Column B: Enter state income tax refunds and state tax rebates for Idaho servicemembers included on Idaho Form 43, line 19.

Line 3 Interest from U.S. Government Obligations

Idaho doesn't tax interest income received from U.S. government obligations. See page 29 for examples of U.S. government obligations.

Idaho taxes interest income received from the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA).

If you have interest income from a mutual fund that invests in both nonexempt securities and exempt U.S. government securities, you can deduct the portion of the interest earned that's attributable to direct U.S. government obligations. The mutual fund must identify this amount for it to be deductible.

Column A: Enter the interest income you received from U.S. government obligations if you included it on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 2b. You should have already included on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR your distributive share (Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column A, line 25), net of expenses related to the federal obligations.

Column B: Enter on this line the interest and related expenses included as part of Form 43, line 27. This includes your apportioned share of interest from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 25 minus expenses relating to U.S. interest.

Line 4 Child and Dependent Care

If you claimed the federal Child and Dependent Care Credit, you're allowed an Idaho deduction for the child care expenses you paid for the care of your dependents. The Idaho deduction is a different amount than the federal credit.

Complete this worksheet to determine your Idaho deduction. See federal Form 2441 to determine amounts to enter on lines 1 through 6.

Worksheet

- 1. Enter the amount of qualified expenses you incurred and paid in 2024. Don't include amounts that your employer paid or that you already excluded from taxable income.
- 2. Enter \$12,000 for one or more children or dependents cared for during the year.
- 3. Enter excluded benefits from Form 2441, Part III, line 25

4.	Subtract line 3 from line 2. If zero or less, stop. You can't claim the deduction	
5.	Enter your earned income	
6.	If married filing a joint return, enter your spouse's earned income. All others enter the amount from line 5	
7.	Enter the smallest of lines 1, 4, 5, or 6 here and on Form 39NR, Part B, line 4, Column A	
8.	If married filing a joint return, enter the total of lines 5 and 6 that are from Idaho sources. All others enter the amount from line 5 that's from Idaho sources	
9.	If married filing a joint return, enter the total of lines 5 and 6. All others enter the amount from line 5	
10.	Divide line 8 by line 9. (Can't exceed 100%)	%
11.	Multiply line 7 by line 10. Enter this	

Part B, line 4, Column B

Care Expenses, with your return.

amount here and on Form 39NR.

Line 5 Social Security and Railroad Benefits

Idaho doesn't tax Social Security or Social Security equivalent benefits, benefits that the Railroad Retirement Board pays, or Canadian Social Security benefits (OAS, QPP, or CPP) that are taxable on your federal return.

Exempt payments from the Railroad Retirement Board include:

- · Retirement, supplemental, and disability annuities
- Unemployment and sickness benefits

Column A: Enter the taxable amount of:

- Social Security benefits from Form SSA-1099
- Social Security equivalent railroad benefits from Form RRB-1099 included on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 6b.

Don't enter the amount reported on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 6a.

Enter the taxable amount of non-Social Security equivalent railroad benefits from Form RRB-1099R included on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 5b. Don't enter the amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 5a. If subtracting benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, you must include Form RRB-1099 or RRB-1099-R with your return.

Until you reach the minimum retirement age, you must treat a disability pension from the federal Railroad Retirement Act as wages. Include the pension amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1.

Column B: Enter Social Security and railroad benefits included on Idaho Form 43, line 19.

Line 6 Idaho Capital Gains Deduction

Columns A and B: If you had capital gain net income from the sale of any of the qualified Idaho property described below, you might be able to deduct 60% of the capital gain net income reported on federal Schedule D. The property must be one of these:

- Real property held for at least 12 months.
- Tangible personal property used in a revenueproducing enterprise and held for at least 12 months. See page 32 for the definition of a revenue-producing enterprise.
- Cattle and horses held for at least 24 months and other livestock used for breeding held for at least 12 months.
- Timber held for at least 24 months.
- Certain sales of partnership interests. See Idaho Code 63-3022H(3)(f) for more information.

Note: Gains from the sale of stocks, goodwill, and other intangibles don't qualify.

Complete Idaho Form CG to calculate your capital gains deduction.

Line 7 Idaho Resident-Military Pay Earned Outside of Idaho

Column A and B: If you're serving in the United States military on active duty that's continuous and uninterrupted for 120 days, Idaho doesn't tax your active-duty military wages for service outside of Idaho. The continuous 120 days don't have to be in the same tax year. This deduction applies to Idaho part-year residents who report military wages earned outside Idaho as Idaho income on Form 43, line 7.

Enter the amount of wages in Columns A and B if included on Form 43, line 7. Don't include military wages earned while stationed in Idaho. Your W-2 doesn't show this amount separately, and you might have to calculate the amount of income earned outside of Idaho. See your unit of assignment or use your orders to make the calculation. Include a copy of your worksheet.

National Guard or Reserve pay, including annual training pay, doesn't qualify as active duty pay unless you've been called into full-time duty for 120 days or more. However, your active-duty military wages earned outside Idaho qualify for this deduction if **both** of these are true:

- You're a commissioned officer of the Public Health Service or of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration militarized by the President of the United States.
- You're attached to the armed forces.

If this is true, enter your active-duty wages earned outside Idaho on this line.

Line 8 Idaho Medical Savings Account Contributions and Interest

Columns A and B: You can contribute up to \$10,000 (\$20,000 if married filing a joint return) to an Idaho medical savings account and deduct the contribution. You **can't** deduct:

- Reimbursements redeposited into your Idaho medical savings account.
- Amounts deducted on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

An Idaho medical savings account generally is established with a bank, savings and loan, or credit union. You establish the account to pay the eligible medical expenses for you as the account holder and your dependents.

On this line include:

- · Your qualifying contributions
- Interest earned on the account, but only if it's on Form 43, line 8

Line 9 Idaho College Savings Program

You can deduct up to \$6,000 (\$12,000 if married filing a joint return) per year in contributions to accounts in the Idaho College Savings Program (IDeal).

Contributions to an out-of-state college savings program don't qualify.

Designate the account owner and beneficiary at the time you establish the account. The account owner can make withdrawals for qualified education expenses of a beneficiary as provided in 26 U.S.C. section 529. Whoever withdraws the money must report it as income. Find more information at **idsaves.org** or by calling (866) 433-2533.

Line 10 Adoption Expenses

Column A: You can deduct some expenses related to the adoption of a child.

- You can claim legal and medical expenses up to a maximum of \$10,000 per adoption.
- If you incur expenses in two or more years, deduct the costs in the year paid until you meet the \$10,000 limit.

Travel expenses don't qualify.

Expenses related to an unsuccessful attempt to adopt don't qualify. If you claim expenses in a year before you find the adoption won't succeed, file an amended return to add back any deduction claimed for the unsuccessful attempt.

Column B: Complete the following worksheet.

- 1. Total Idaho income from Form 43, line 20
- 2. Total income from federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 9
- - Column A
- 5. Multiply line 4 by line 3. Enter this amount on line 10, Column B

Line 11

You might qualify for a deduction if you maintain a household for a family member who's over 65 or developmentally disabled.

A family member is any person who meets the relationship test to be claimed as a dependent on income tax returns. See federal Form 1040 instructions for more information.

Maintaining a household means paying more than one-half of the expenses incurred for the benefit of all the household's occupants. Social Security benefits aren't support that you provide, but you must include them in the calculation of total support provided. Some examples of expenses of maintaining a household include:

- Property taxes
- Mortgage interest
- Rent
- Utility charges
- · Upkeep and repairs
- Property insurance
- Food consumed on the premises

If you maintained the home for the family member for less than a full year, you can take a deduction of \$83.33 for each month you maintained the home.

You can claim no more than three deductions of \$1,000. If you claim this deduction, you can't claim the \$100 credit in Part F.

The amounts entered in Columns A and B must be the same.

Home for the Aged

Columns A and B: You can deduct \$1,000 for each family member age 65 or older (*not including* yourself or your spouse) for whom you do **both** of these:

- Maintain a household for
- Provide more than one-half of that family member's support for the year

Developmentally Disabled

You can deduct \$1,000 for each family member, *including* yourself and your spouse, for whom you do **both** of these:

- · Maintain a household for
- Provide more than one-half of this family member's support for the year

See page 33 for the definition of developmental disability.

Line 12 Idaho Lottery Winnings

Columns A and B: Enter the amount of Idaho lottery prizes of less than \$600 per award included in other income on Form 43, line 19. The amounts entered in Columns A and B must be the same.

Line 13 Income an American Indian earned on a Reservation

Column B: You can deduct all your income from working on a reservation only when you meet **all** these criteria:

- You're enrolled in a federally recognized tribe.
- You live and work on a reservation.
- The earned income is included on Form 43, line 7 of your tax return.

You **can't** deduct either of these:

- Income earned off a reservation
- Income earned on a reservation, if you live off a reservation

DAHO State Tax Commission

Line 14 Workers' Compensation Insurance

Columns A and B: If you're self-employed, you can deduct the amount paid for your own workers' compensation insurance coverage in Idaho, if you didn't deduct it elsewhere.

Don't enter amounts paid for coverage in other states. The amounts entered in Columns A and B must be the same.

Line 15 Pass-through Subtractions

Column A: Include the amount of other subtractions included on Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column A, line 28.

Column B: Enter your Idaho apportioned share of the Idaho subtractions from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 28.

Line 16 Energy Efficiency Upgrades

Columns A and B: To qualify for this deduction, your Idaho residence must:

- Have existed, been under construction, or had a building permit issued on or before January 1, 2002
- Be your primary residence

Energy efficiency upgrade means an energy efficiency improvement to your residence's envelope or duct system that meets or exceeds the minimum value for the improved component established by the version of the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) in effect in Idaho during the tax year when you made the improvement. Contact the Idaho Division of Building Safety at **dbs.idaho.gov** for more information.

See page 29 for more on energy efficiency upgrades.

The amount charged for labor to install the energy efficiency upgrades is also deductible.

Enter the energy efficiency upgrade installed in your Idaho residence. If you have more than one upgrade, enter multiple. Enter the total amount on line 16.

Line 17 Technological Equipment Donation

Columns A and B: Enter the lesser of cost or fair market value of technological equipment donated to one or more of the following Idaho educational institutions or libraries located in Idaho:

- Public or nonprofit private elementary, or secondary school
- Public or nonprofit private college or university
- Public library or library district

Form 39NR — Instructions 2024 (continued)

Items that qualify for this deduction are limited to computers, computer software and scientific equipment or apparatus manufactured within five years of the date of donation. The amount deducted can't reduce Idaho taxable income to less than zero. You can't carry any unused deduction to another year.

Columns A and B: Include your distributive share from the appropriate column of Form ID K-1, Part IV, line 26. The deduction from a pass-through entity can't be more than the amount of pass-through income minus deductions of the entity making the contribution.

Line 18 Health Insurance Premiums

Column A: Deduct premiums you paid for health insurance for yourself, your spouse, and your dependents if those premiums haven't already been deducted or excluded from your income.

If you claimed a deduction for health insurance premiums on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A, use the worksheet on page 46 to calculate the Idaho deduction. The worksheet follows the priority that itemized deductions first apply to health insurance premiums and then to long-term care insurance.

Idaho Medical Savings Account

You can't take the deduction for money you take from your Idaho medical savings account to pay health insurance premiums. This is because you've already deducted health insurance costs, or they've already been accounted for.

Salary Reduction Plans

You can't include premiums paid through a cafeteria plan or other salary-reduction arrangement in the Idaho deduction for health insurance costs. For example, health insurance payments deducted from your paycheck pretax don't qualify for the deduction.

Business Deductions

You can't include in this Idaho deduction the premiums you already deducted as a business expense. This includes self-employed health insurance premiums deducted in arriving at federal adjusted gross income.

Social Security Medicare A and B

You can't deduct the amount paid for employer-required Social Security Medicare A. This is the amount listed as a deduction on almost every federal Form W-2. You can deduct the premiums you pay for either of

these: • Premiums for Medicare A, if you voluntarily enrolled or you aren't covered under Social Security Premiums for Medicare B or Medicare D, if you voluntarily enrolled **Idaho Standard Deduction** If you took the standard deduction instead of itemizing on your Idaho return, you don't have to reduce your health insurance costs by any amount claimed as a federal itemized deduction. Federal Itemized Deduction Limitations. The following worksheets calculate your health insurance and long-term care insurance premium subtractions for Idaho purposes. If you aren't itemizing deductions for Idaho, skip lines 1-6 and enter zeros on lines 8, 12, and 13. Health Insurance and Long-term Care Insurance **Deduction Limitations** 1. Amount claimed for health insurance costs on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A 2. Amount claimed for long-term care insurance on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A 3. Additional medical expenses claimed on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A 4. Total medical expenses. Add lines 1, 2 and 3 5. Enter 7.5% of federal adjusted gross income 6. Medical expense deduction allowed on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A. (Subtract line 5 from line 4. If less than zero, enter zero.) **Health Insurance** 7. Enter the total paid for health insurance 8. Portion of health insurance deduction allowed on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A. Enter the lesser an acute care unit of a hospital. of lines 1 or 6 9. Enter the total health insurance costs deducted elsewhere on the federal return

Forr	n 39NR — Instructions	2024	(continued)
10.	Idaho health insurance deduct allowed. Subtract lines 8 and 9 line 7. Enter this amount on Fo line 18, Column A	9 from orm 39NF	,
Lon	g-term Care Insurance		
11.	Enter the total paid for long-ter care insurance		
12.	Medical expense deduction no allocated to health insurance of Subtract line 1 from line 6. If le zero, enter zero	costs. ess than	
13.	Portion of long-term care insur deduction allowed on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Scheo Enter the lesser of lines 2 or 1	dule A.	
14.	Enter the total long-term care insurance costs deducted else on the federal return		
15.	Long-term care insurance ded allowed. Subtract lines 13 and from line 11. Enter the amount Form 39NR, line 19, Column A	14 : on	
Colu	umn B: You'll enter the amount	from line	5 below.
1.	Total Idaho income from Form line 20		
2.	Total income from federal Forr or 1040-SR, line 9		
3.	Divide line 1 by line 2. (Can't exceed 100%)		%
4.	Enter the amount from Form 3 line 18, Column A	,	
5.	Allowable Idaho deduction. Mu line 4 by line 3		
Line	e 19 Long-term Care Insuran	ce Pren	niums
qua	umn A: You can deduct premi lified long-term care insurance erwise deducted or accounted	e that you	•
insu cons depo prev	lified long-term care insurance rance policy that provides cov secutive months for yourself, y endents for one or more neces ventive, therapeutic, rehabilitat sonal care services provided ir	verage fo /our spou ssary dia tive, mair	r at least 12 use, or your ignostic, ntenance, or

Group and individual annuities and life insurance policies that directly provide or that supplement long-term care insurance qualify. This includes a policy that provides for payment of benefits based on cognitive impairment or loss of functional capacity.

Qualified long-term care insurance doesn't include any insurance policy that's offered primarily to provide coverage for:

- Basic Medicare supplement
- Basic hospital expense
- Basic medical surgical expense
- Hospital confinement indemnity
- Major medical expense
- Disability income or related asset protection
- · Accident only
- Specified disease or specified accident
- · Limited benefit health

Life insurance policies that accelerate death benefits generally don't qualify.

If you claimed a deduction for long-term care insurance on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A as an itemized deduction, calculate the long-term care insurance allowed as a deduction by using the worksheet on the previous page.

Column B: You'll enter the amount from line 5 below.

- 1. Total Idaho income from Form 43, line 20
- Total income from federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 9
- 3. Divide line 1 by line 2.

 (Can't exceed 100%)
- Enter the amount from Form 39NR, line 19, Column A
- Allowable Idaho deduction. Multiply line
 4 by line 3

Line 20 Alternative Energy Device Deduction

Columns A and B: If you install an alternative energy device in your Idaho residence, you can deduct a portion of the amount actually paid or accrued (billed but not paid).

In the year the device is placed in service, you can deduct 40% of the cost to construct, reconstruct, remodel, install, or acquire the device, but not more than \$5,000.

In the three years after installation, you can deduct 20% of these costs per year, but not more than \$5,000 in any year.

Qualifying devices include:

- A system using solar radiation, wind, or geothermal resource primarily to provide heating or cooling or produce electrical power or any combination thereof
- A fluid-to-air heat pump operating on a fluid reservoir that solar radiation or a geothermal resource heats. An air-to-air heat pump doesn't qualify unless it uses geothermal resources as part of the system.
- An Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)-certified wood stove or pellet stove meeting current industry and state standards that replaces a noncertified wood stove

A noncertified wood stove is one that doesn't meet the most current EPA standards. You must take the noncertified wood stove to a site that the Idaho Division of Environmental Quality (DEQ) authorizes within 30 days from the date of purchasing the qualifying device. The DEQ will give you a receipt to verify it received and destroyed the noncertified wood stove.

You must install the natural gas or propane heating unit or the EPA-certified wood stove or pellet stove the same tax year that you surrender the nonqualifying wood stove to the DEQ.

Lines 20a – 20d

Complete the lines that apply to the year you acquired the device. For example, if you acquired the device in 2021, complete line 20d. Enter the device type and total cost. Multiply the total cost by the appropriate percentage. Line 20e can't be more than \$5,000.

Line 22 Idaho Qualified Retirement Benefits Deduction

You might be able to deduct some of the qualifying retirement benefits and annuities you receive.

The Idaho Retirement Benefits Deduction has a two-part qualification. You must qualify for **both parts** to receive this deduction.

Part One - Age, Disability, and Marital/Filing Status

The recipients must be at least age 65 or be classified as disabled and be at least age 62.

The following individuals are classified as disabled:

- An individual recognized as disabled by the Social Security Administration, the Railroad Retirement Board, or the Office of Management and Budget
- A veteran of a U.S. war with a service-connected

disability rating of 10% or more

- A veteran of a U.S. war with a nonservice-connected disability pension
- A person who has a physician-certified permanent disability with no expectation of improvement

If you're married, you can't claim this deduction if you file separately.

If you're an unremarried widow or widower of a pensioner and receive qualifying survivor benefits, you might be eligible to claim the retirement benefit deduction if you meet the age/disability requirements.

Part Two – Qualified Retirement Benefits

The recipients must meet the requirements in Part One, **and** their qualified retirement benefits must be one of the following:

- Civil Service Employees: Retirement annuities paid by the U.S. Civil Service Retirement System (CSRS), the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System (FSRDS), or the offset programs of these two systems.
 - To qualify for the deduction, the employee must have established eligibility before 1984.
 - Retirement annuities paid to a retired federal employee under the Federal Employees Retirement System (FERS) don't qualify for the deduction.

You can tell if your benefits are paid under the CSRS or FERS by looking at the first digit of the account number on your CSA-1099, if you received one.

- If the first digit is 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4, the benefits are paid out of CSRS.
- If the first digit is 7 or 9, the benefits are paid out of FERS and don't qualify.
- If the first digit is 8, look at your Notice of Annuity Adjustment from the Office of Personnel Management. The notice shows how much of your benefits are paid from CSRS and how much are paid from FERS. Only the portion paid from CSRS qualifies for this deduction.
- Idaho Firefighters: Retirement benefits paid by the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI) relating to the Firemen's

Retirement Fund.

If you received a 1099R and your account number includes the FRF (Firemen's Retirement Fund) designation, you can include those benefits in your deduction calculation. Benefits paid out of the PERSI Base Plan don't qualify for the deduction.

 Police Officers of an Idaho City: Retirement benefits paid from the Policemen's Retirement Fund that no longer admits new members and, on January 1, 2012, that an Idaho city or PERSI administered. Also, benefits that PERSI paid relating to Idaho police officer employment not included in the federal Social Security retirement system. For example, benefits paid out of the city police retirement funds for the cities of Coeur d'Alene, Lewiston, and Pocatello might qualify for the deduction. Similarly, benefits that PERSI paid relating to the old Idaho Falls Policemen's Retirement Fund might qualify for the deduction.

If you received a 1099R and your account number includes the IFP (Idaho Falls Police) designation, you can include those benefits in your deduction calculation. Benefits paid out of the PERSI Base Plan don't qualify for the deduction.

• Service Members: Retirement benefits that the United States paid to a retired member of the U.S. military.

Disability pension that the federal Railroad Retirement Act paid might not be included on your Form RRB-1099 or RRB-1099-R, if you're under the minimum retirement age. Instead it might be included on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1 as wages.

The maximum amounts you can deduct for 2024 are:

Married filing jointly:

- Recipient age 65 or older \$68,796
- Recipient age 62 or older and disabled \$68,796 **Single:**
 - Age 65 or older \$45,864
 - Age 62 or older and disabled \$45,864

The retirement benefits you and your spouse received under the federal Social Security Act and the federal Railroad Retirement Act further reduce these maximum amounts.

Include with your return Form 1099s for all qualified retirement benefits claimed.

Line 22a. Enter \$68,796 or \$45,864, whichever

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applies to your filing status. **Note:** You can only take one deduction, even though you and your spouse receive more than one annuity.

Line 22b. Enter the amount of retirement benefits you and your spouse received under the Federal Railroad Retirement Act.

On this line, include **all** of these:

- The amount from federal Form RRB-1099, Box 5. This is the net Social Security equivalent benefit.
- The amount from federal Form RRB-1099-R, Box 7 ("total gross paid"), minus any amount in Box 8 (repayments).
- Any railroad retirement disability benefit included as wages on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1.

Line 22c. Enter the amount of retirement benefits you and your spouse received under the Federal Social Security Act. This is on your Form SSA-1099, Box 5. If you or your spouse received Canadian Social Security benefits that you included in your federal taxable income, also include those amounts.

Line 22e. Enter the amount of qualified retirement benefits included on Form 43, line 28, Column A.

Line 22g. Enter the amount of qualified retirement benefits included in Idaho gross income. You must have included this amount on Form 43, line 28, Column B.

Line 22h. Divide line 22g, Column B, by line 22e, Column A. Round the percentage to the nearest whole number. For example, you'd enter 45.49% as 45%. You'd enter 45.50% as 46%.

Line 23 Nonresident Military Pay

Column A: If you're a nonresident of Idaho, enter the amount of military pay included on Form 43, line 28, Column A.

Line 24 Bonus Depreciation

If you claimed the bonus depreciation for federal purposes for property acquired before 2008 or after 2009:

- Complete a separate federal Form 4562 or detailed calculation for Idaho depreciation purposes as if you hadn't claimed the special depreciation allowance.
- · Calculate the Idaho adjusted basis and any

gains or losses from the sale or exchange of the property using the Idaho depreciation amounts.

• If the federal depreciation (including gains and losses) is less than the Idaho depreciation (including gains and losses), include the difference on this line; otherwise, enter the difference on Part A, line 3.

Include the federal Form 4562s or detailed calculations for the depreciation and gains and losses.

Don't enter any amounts for property acquired during 2008 and 2009.

Column A: If the federal depreciation (including gains and losses) is less than the depreciation (including gains and losses) calculated without the bonus depreciation, include the difference on this line.

If you're a shareholder in an S corporation or a partner in a partnership that has Idaho-source income, include your distributive share of bonus depreciation from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column A, line 27.

Column B: If the federal depreciation (including gains and losses) is less than the Idaho depreciation (including Idaho gains and losses), include the difference on this line.

Enter on this line your apportioned share of bonus depreciation from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 27. The amount must be included as part of Form 43, line 27, Idaho Adjusted Gross Income.

Line 25 First-time Home Buyer Savings Account Contributions and Interest

Nonresidents don't qualify for this deduction.

You can contribute up to \$15,000 (\$30,000 if married filing a joint return) to a first-time home buyer savings account and deduct the contribution. Deposits into a first-time home buyer savings account can't exceed \$100,000 for the lifetime of the account.

A first-time home buyer savings account is established in Idaho with a bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or trust company authorized to act as a fiduciary. As the account holder, you use the account to pay for, or receive reimbursement for, eligible costs in connection with your qualified home purchase.

Include interest earned on the account on line 25 but only if included on Form 43, line 8. Interest earned on the account is tax deferred if you use the funds for a qualified home purchase. Enter the name of the financial institution and your account number in the spaces provided. Add your contributions to the interest earned on the account, and enter the total on this line.

Check the box to attest that you're a first-time home buyer. A first-time home buyer means an individual who is **all** of these:

- Resides in Idaho
- Has filed an Idaho income tax return for the most recent tax year
- Doesn't own, either individually or jointly, a single-family or multi-family residence
- Has never owned or purchased, either individually or jointly, a single-family residence in any location

Line 26 Other Subtractions

Columns A and B: Identify any other subtraction you're eligible for, and claim the amount on this line.

On this line in the applicable column, include interest from Idaho Build America Bonds on Form 43, line 28, Columns A and B. Don't include on this line any interest from non-Idaho Build America Bonds.

Don't include other subtractions from Form ID K-1, Part IV, line 28 on this line. Include those other subtractions on line 15.

Don't include foreign taxes as a subtraction, since they're claimed as part of the Idaho itemized deduction if allowed. See the instructions for **Itemized or Standard Deductions**.

Part C — Credit for Income Tax that Part-year Residents Paid to Other States

When both Idaho and another state tax the same income, you might qualify for a credit for tax paid to the other state. Use this section to calculate the credit. You must include a copy of the other state's income tax return and Form 39NR. If the credit applies to more than one state, use a separate Form 39NR for each state.

You might qualify for a credit for tax that a passthrough entity (PTE) paid to another state on your behalf. The PTE should report that payment information to you. Include a copy of Form ID K-1.

Examples of income that both Idaho and another state might tax include:

• Wages earned in another state that has an income tax, such as Oregon or Utah, while you

were living in Idaho

 Income from a business or profession earned in another state that has an income tax, while you were a resident of Idaho

Line 1. Enter your Idaho adjusted income from Form 43, line 31, Column B, if you reported the double-taxed income on an individual income tax return in the other state. If the double-taxed income was reported to the other state and taxed as part of an S corporation or partnership composite or group return, enter your federal adjusted gross income from Form 43, line 28, Column A.

Line 2. Enter the total portion of federal adjusted gross income derived in the other state modified to reflect Idaho additions and subtractions. In calculating the income derived in the other state, you must reverse any adjustments to federal taxable income that the other state allows but Idaho doesn't.

Enter your adjusted gross income from the other state restated to a basis comparable to Idaho adjusted income. For example, if the other state taxes interest received from U.S. obligations, deduct this amount from the other state's adjusted gross income. Idaho doesn't tax this interest.

If your income derived in the other state includes income from an S corporation, partnership, trust, or estate, enter your share of the entity's taxable income correctly reported to the other state plus any other Idaho adjusted gross income from sources in the other state.

Line 3. Enter the amount of income that's taxed twice. Income is considered to be double taxed only if both Idaho and another state taxed it.

Line 4. Enter the tax shown on Form 43, line 42.

Line 5. Divide line 3 by line 1. Round to four digits to the right of the decimal point. For example, you'd round .66666 to .6667 and enter it as 66.67%.

Line 7. Enter the other state's tax due from its tax table or rate schedule minus its income tax credits. Don't subtract state and local tax (SALT) workaround payments or credits. If your income derived in the other state was reported on a composite or group return that an S corporation or partnership filed, enter your proportionate share of the tax that the S corporation or partnership paid, minus your proportionate share of the income tax credits. Income tax credits are those credits that relate to income tax excluding SALT workaround payments or credits. An example of a credit that isn't an income tax credit is a special fuels or gasoline tax credit.

Line 8. Divide line 3 by line 2. Round to four digits to the right of the decimal point. For example, you'd round .66666 to .6667 and enter it as 66.67%.

Line 10. Your allowable credit for income tax paid to other states is the smaller of line 6 or 9. Enter this amount on Form 43, line 43. This credit can't exceed the Idaho tax due on Form 43, line 42.

Part D — Credit for Income Tax That Idaho Residents on Active Military Duty Paid to Other States

When both Idaho and another state tax the same income, you might be eligible for a credit for tax paid to the other state.

Use this section to calculate the credit. You must include a complete copy of the other state's income tax return and Idaho Form 39NR with your income tax return. If your S corporation or partnership paid income tax to another state on your behalf, include a copy of Form ID K-1 or the schedule you received from that S corporation or partnership. If credit applies to more than one state, use a separate Form 39NR for each state.

Examples of income that both Idaho and another state might tax include:

- Wages earned in another state that has an income tax, such as Oregon or Utah, while you were living in Idaho
- Income from a business or profession earned in another state that has an income tax, while you were living in Idaho

Line 1. Enter the tax shown on Form 43, line 42.

Line 2. Enter the total portion of federal adjusted gross income derived in the other state, modified to reflect Idaho additions and subtractions. In calculating the income derived in the other state, you must reverse any adjustments to federal taxable income that the other state allows but Idaho doesn't.

Enter your adjusted gross income from the other state restated to a basis comparable to Idaho adjusted income. For example, if the other state taxes interest received from U.S. obligations, deduct this amount from the other state's adjusted gross income. Idaho doesn't tax this interest. If your income derived in the other state includes income from an S corporation, partnership, trust, or estate, enter your share of the entity's taxable income correctly reported to the other state plus any other Idaho adjusted gross income from sources in the other state.

Line 3. Enter your Idaho adjusted income from Form 43, line 31, Column B, if you reported the double-taxed income on an individual income tax return in the other state. However, if the double-taxed income was reported to the other state and taxed as part of an S corporation or partnership composite or group return, enter your federal adjusted gross income from Form 43, line 28, Column A.

Line 4. Divide line 2 by line 3. Round to four digits to the right of the decimal point. For example, you'd round .66666 to .6667 and enter it as 66.67%.

Line 6. Enter the other state's tax due from its tax table or rate schedule minus its income tax credits. If your income derived in the other state was reported on a composite or group return that an S corporation or partnership filed, enter your proportionate share of the tax the S corporation or partnership paid minus your proportionate share of the income tax credits. Income tax credits relate specifically to income tax. Don't include other credits, such as a special fuels credit or gasoline tax credit.

Line 7. Your allowable credit for income tax paid to other states is the smaller of lines 5 or 6. Enter this amount on Form 43, line 43.

Part E — Credits for Idaho Educational Entity and Idaho Youth and Rehabilitation Facility Contributions, and Live Organ Donation Expenses

Line 1 Credit for Idaho Educational Entity Contributions

If you donated cash to qualified educational entities, you can claim a tax credit. Add any amounts from Form ID K-1, Part VIII, line 50 to your donation amount. Donation of goods or services don't qualify for this credit.

The credit is limited to the smallest of:

- One-half of the amount donated
- 50% of the tax on Form 43, line 42
- \$500 (\$1,000 on a joint return)
- The tax on Form 43, line 42 minus the amount on Form 43, line 43

IDAHO State Tax Commission

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If you have credit from an ABE (Form ID K-1, Part XI, line 59), you can add that to the amount calculated above (if any). If you're including an ABE credit, your *total* credit is limited to the smaller of **either** of these:

- 50% of the tax on Form 43, line 42
- \$500 (\$1,000 on a joint return)

See page 38 for the list of qualified educational entities.

Line 2 Credit for Idaho Youth and Rehabilitation Facility Contributions

You can claim this credit if you donated cash or goods to **any** of the following:

- Qualified center for independent living
- Youth or rehabilitation facility or its foundation
- Nonprofit substance abuse center that the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare licenses

Add any amounts from Form ID K-1, Part VIII, line 51 to your donation amount.

The credit is limited to the smallest of:

- One-half of the amount donated
- 20% of the tax on Form 43, line 42
- \$100 (\$200 on a joint return)
- The tax on Form 43, line 42 minus the amounts on Form 43, line 43, Form 39NR, Part E, line 1 and Form 44, Part I, line 1

If you have credit from an ABE (Form ID K-1, Part XI, line 61), you can add that to the amount calculated above (if any). If you're including an ABE credit, your *total* credit is limited to the smaller of:

- 20% of the tax on Form 43, line 42
- \$100 (\$200 on a joint return)

See page 38 for the list of qualified youth or rehabilitation facilities and their foundations.

Line 3 Credit for Live Organ Donation Expenses

A living taxpayer who donates (or whose dependent donates) a qualified organ that's transplanted into another individual can claim a credit for expenses related to the donation.

The credit can't be more than the taxpayer's tax liability and is limited to the smaller of:

- The amount of live organ donation expenses the taxpayer paid during the tax year
- \$5,000

You can carry over any unused credit for five years.

To claim the credit, you must donate one or more of these:

- Human bone marrow
- Any part of an:
 - Intestine
 - Kidney
 - Liver
 - Lung
 - Pancreas

Qualified expenses are those that the taxpayer or dependent incurs for travel, lodging, or lost wages and aren't reimbursed to the taxpayer. The expenses must be directly related to the taxpayer's or dependent's live organ donation.

Part F — Maintaining a Home for a Family Member Age 65 or Older or a Family Member with a Developmental Disability

Only residents, including Idaho residents on active military duty outside Idaho, can claim this credit.

If you didn't claim the \$1,000 deduction on Part B, line 11, you can claim a \$100 credit for each family member who's age 65 of older (not including yourself or your spouse) for whom you do **both** of these:

- Maintain a household for
- Provide more than one-half of the family member's support for the year

If you maintained the home for the family member for less than a full year, you can take the credit at the rate of \$8.33 for each month you maintained the home.

You can claim this credit if your gross income is less than the filing requirement. File Form 43 and include Form 39NR.

Lines 1 and 2. Answer the two questions. If you answer yes to either question, you qualify.

Line 3. Enter this information for the family member whose home you maintained and for whom you provided more than one-half of their support:

- Their name
- Their Social Security number
- Their relationship to you

If the claim is for a family member with a developmental disability, check the box.

Line 4. Enter the total on Form 43, line 64.