

BEFORE THE TAX COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

In the Matter of the Protest of)
[Redacted]) DOCKET NO. 21907
)
) DECISION
Petitioner.)
_____)

On April 24, 2009, the staff of the Taxpayer Accounting Section of the Revenue Operations Division of the Idaho State Tax Commission issued a Notice of Deficiency Determination to [Redacted] (taxpayer) proposing additional income tax and interest for taxable year 2008 in the total amount of \$248.27.

The taxpayer filed a timely appeal and petition for redetermination. The taxpayer did not respond to the Tax Commission's hearing rights letter and has provided nothing further for the Tax Commission to consider. The Tax Commission, having reviewed the file, hereby issues its decision.

The taxpayer timely filed his 2008 Idaho individual income tax return. As the processing of income tax returns continued, the Taxpayer Accounting Section (Taxpayer Accounting) found that the taxpayer claimed a dependent exemption that was also claimed on another income tax return. Taxpayer Accounting determined the taxpayer was not entitled to the dependent exemption and sent the taxpayer a tax correction letter. The taxpayer disagreed with Taxpayer Accounting's correction by sending in a copy of a Stipulation for Child Support issued by the Seventh Judicial District Court of Idaho stating that he could claim [Redacted] as a dependent. Taxpayer Accounting reviewed the information and sent the matter for administrative review.

The Tax Commission reviewed the matter and sent the taxpayer a letter that discussed the methods available for redetermining a protested Notice of Deficiency Determination. The

taxpayer did not respond to the Tax Commission's letter, so the Tax Commission decided the matter based upon the information available.

According to the Stipulation for Child Support, the taxpayer voluntarily acknowledged being the legal father [Redacted]. The taxpayer was ordered to pay child support, so apparently, the taxpayer was not the custodial parent [Redacted]. The taxpayer claimed the dependent exemption [Redacted] on the basis that the Stipulation assigned it to him.

Deductions are a matter of legislative grace, and taxpayers bear the burden of proving that they are entitled to the deductions claimed. INDOPCO, Inc. v. Commissioner, 503 U.S. 79, 84, 112 S.Ct. 1039, 117 L.Ed.2d 226 (1992); New Colonial Ice Co. v. Helvering, 292 U.S. 435, 440, 54 S.Ct. 788, 78 L.Ed. 1348 (1934). Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 151(c) allows a taxpayer a deduction of the exemption amount for each dependent as defined in IRC section 152. A child of a taxpayer is generally a dependent of the taxpayer. IRC section 152(e) provides a special rule for parents that live apart from each other. It states in pertinent part:

(1) In general.

Notwithstanding subsection (c)(1)(B), (c)(4), or (d)(1)(C), if—

(A) a child receives over one-half of the child's support during the calendar year from the child's parents—

(i) who are divorced or legally separated under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance,

(ii) who are separated under a written separation agreement, or

(iii) who live apart at all times during the last 6 months of the calendar year, and—

(B) such child is in the custody of 1 or both of the child's parents for more than one-half of the calendar year, such child shall be treated as being the qualifying child or qualifying relative of the noncustodial parent for a calendar year if the requirements described in paragraph (2) or (3) are met.

(2) Exception where custodial parent releases claim to exemption for the year. For purposes of paragraph (1), the requirements described in this paragraph are met with respect to any calendar year if—

(A) the custodial parent signs a written declaration (in such manner and form as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe) that such custodial parent will not

claim such child as a dependent for any taxable year beginning in such calendar year, and

(B) the noncustodial parent attaches such written declaration to the noncustodial parent's return for the taxable year beginning during such calendar year.

The taxpayer provided a copy of his Stipulation for Child Support that states he is entitled to the dependent exemption for [Redacted]. However, IRC section 152(e)(2) clearly requires that the custodial parent sign a written declaration releasing the dependent exemption in order for the noncustodial parent to claim the child's dependent exemption. The taxpayer provided no such declaration, nor did he show that he was the custodial parent.

The control over a child's dependency exemption conferred on the custodial parent by section 152(e)(2) was intended by Congress to simplify the process of determining who is entitled to claim dependency exemptions for children of a marriage. See H. Rept. 98-432 (Part 2), at 1498 (1984). To make section 152(e)(2) work as intended, that control must be preserved by insisting on adherence to the requirements of section 152(e)(2). Simply attaching a State court order that is not signed by the custodial parent to the return of the noncustodial parent does not satisfy the express statutory requirements of section 152(e)(2)(A). Miller v. CIR, 114 T.C. 184, (2000).

Since the signed release is a requirement for IRC section 152(e) to apply, the determination of whether the taxpayer can claim the dependent exemption reverts to IRC section 152(c) and (d).

IRC section 152(c) defines a "qualifying child" as an individual who (1) bears a certain relationship to the taxpayer, such as the taxpayer's child, (2) has the same principal place of abode as the taxpayer for more than one-half of the taxable year, (3) meets certain age requirements, and (4) has not provided over one-half of the individual's own support for the taxable year. IRC section 152(c)(1) through (3).

IRC section 152(d) defines a "qualifying relative" as an individual (1) who bears a certain relationship to the taxpayer, such as the taxpayer's child, (2) whose gross income for the taxable year is less than the exemption amount, (3) with respect to whom the taxpayer provides over

one-half of the individual's support for the taxable year, and (4) who is not a qualifying child of the taxpayer or of any other taxpayer for the taxable year. IRC section 152(d)(1) and (2).

Therefore, to claim a dependent exemption, the taxpayer must show he has either a qualifying child or a qualifying relative. In regards to a qualifying child, the taxpayer has not shown that [Redacted] principal place of abode was with him for more than one-half the taxable year. In fact, from the information available, the taxpayer rarely speaks to or sees [Redacted]. Consequently, [Redacted] cannot be a qualifying child for the taxpayer for 2008.

As for [Redacted] being a qualifying relative of the taxpayer, the taxpayer failed to show that he provided over one-half of [Redacted] support for the taxable year or that [Redacted] was not a qualifying child of any other taxpayer for the taxable year. From the information available, it is evident that [Redacted] can be a qualifying child of another taxpayer. Therefore, [Redacted] cannot be a qualifying relative for the taxpayer for 2008.

Because the taxpayer failed to establish that [Redacted] was either a qualifying child or a qualifying relative for purposes of IRC section 152, the Tax Commission finds that the taxpayer is not entitled to a dependent exemption deduction [Redacted] for 2008. And since the taxpayer is not entitled to the dependent exemption, the taxpayer cannot claim an additional grocery credit [Redacted] per Idaho Code section 63-3024A.

WHEREFORE, the Notice of Deficiency Determination dated April 24, 2009, is hereby APPROVED, AFFIRMED, and MADE FINAL.

IT IS ORDERED and THIS DOES ORDER that the taxpayer pay the following tax and interest (computed to April 15, 2010):

<u>YEAR</u>	<u>TAX</u>	<u>INTEREST</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
2008	\$248	\$ 12	\$260

DEMAND for immediate payment of the foregoing amount is hereby made and given.

An explanation of the petitioner's right to appeal this decision is enclosed.

DATED this _____ day of _____ 2010.

IDAHO STATE TAX COMMISSION

COMMISSIONER

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this _____ day of _____ 2010, a copy of the within and foregoing DECISION was served by sending the same by United States mail, postage prepaid, in an envelope addressed to:

[Redacted]

Receipt No.