

**BEFORE THE TAX COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF IDAHO**

In the Matter of the Protest of	)	
	)	DOCKET NO. 18332
[Redacted],	)	
	)	DECISION
Petitioners.	)	
_____	)	

This case arises from a timely protest of a State Tax Commission staff (staff) decision adjusting the property tax reduction benefit for 2004. This matter was submitted for a decision based on the documents in the file. The State Tax Commission has reviewed the file and makes its decision.

All property within the jurisdiction of this state is subject to property taxes. A property tax reduction benefit program is available to certain qualifying individuals throughout the state. The benefit is in the form of a payment (either total or partial) of the applicant's property taxes on the dwelling he/she owns and occupies. The payment is funded by state sales tax funds.

[Redacted] (petitioners) filed an application with Bonner County for the property tax reduction benefit on or about February 11, 2004. Pursuant to Idaho Code § 63-707(5), the staff audited that application. In conjunction with the audit, the petitioners were asked to furnish receipts for the \$10,624.07 of medical expenses they had claimed. The petitioners answered the request by sending various receipts. The petitioners' file was transferred to the Legal/Tax Policy Division for administrative review.

Income for property tax reduction benefit purposes is defined in Idaho Code § 63-701(5) as follows:

(5) **"Income" means the sum of federal adjusted gross income** as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, as defined in section 63-3004,

Idaho Code, **and** to the extent not already included in federal adjusted gross income:

- (a) Alimony;
- (b) Support money;
- (c) Nontaxable strike benefits;
- (d) The nontaxable amount of any individual retirement account, pension or annuity, (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments received under the federal social security act except the social security death benefit as specified in this subsection, state unemployment insurance laws, and veterans disability pensions and compensation, excluding rollovers as provided in section 402 or 403 of the Internal Revenue Code);
- (e) Nontaxable interest received from the federal government or any of its instrumentalities or a state government or any of its instrumentalities;
- (f) Worker's compensation; and
- (g) The gross amount of loss of earnings insurance.

**It does not include** capital gains, gifts from nongovernmental sources or inheritances. **To the extent not reimbursed, the cost of medical care as defined in section 213(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, incurred or paid by the claimant and/or, if applicable, the claimant's spouse, may be deducted from income.** To the extent not reimbursed, personal funeral expenses, including prepaid funeral expenses and premiums on funeral insurance, of the claimant and claimant's spouse only, may be deducted from income up to an annual maximum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per claim. "Income" does not include veterans disability pensions received by a person described in subsection (1)(e) who is a claimant or a claimant's spouse if the disability pension is received pursuant to a service-connected disability of a degree of forty percent (40%) or more. "Income" does not include lump sum death benefits made by the social security administration pursuant to 42 U.S.C. section 402(i). **Documentation of medical expenses may be required by the county assessor, board of equalization and state tax commission in such form as the county assessor, board of equalization or state tax commission shall determine.** "Income" shall be that received in the calendar year immediately preceding the year in which a claim is filed. (Emphasis added.)

For property tax reduction benefit purposes, medical expenses defined in the Internal Revenue Code can be deducted from income. The Tax Commission has reviewed the receipts the petitioners provided and identified a total of \$9,879 of medical expenses that qualify for

exclusion from income. The petitioners' total net income for property tax reduction benefit purposes is \$20,007. They qualify to receive a benefit of an amount not to exceed \$270 rather than the \$330 benefit amount shown in the application.

The State Tax Commission is aware there is some potential this decision could cause a hardship to the property tax reduction applicant in certain circumstances. The proper jurisdiction to handle such hardship situations falls with the [Redacted] County Commissioners pursuant to Idaho Code § 63-711.

WHEREFORE, the Intent to Deny Benefits letter dated August 30, 2004, is hereby MODIFIED and, as so modified, is APPROVED, AFFIRMED, and MADE FINAL.

An explanation of the petitioners' right to appeal this decision is enclosed with this decision.

DATED this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2004.

IDAHO STATE TAX COMMISSION

\_\_\_\_\_  
COMMISSIONER

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAIL

I hereby certify that I have on this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2004, served a copy of the within and foregoing DECISION by sending the same by United States mail, postage prepaid, in an envelope addressed to:

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]